LITERARY CRYPTARITHMETIC BY COMPUTER

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Editor's Note: In the November 1989 Word Ways, Peter Newby requested readers to design literary cryptarithms: "apt or ironic" messages capable of encipherment in arithmetic terms in a unique manner. To stimulate interest, he offered a copy of his new book, Pears Word Games, for the best example devised. Several readers sent in entries, including a very fine one by Eric LeVasseur:

$$PI \times R^2 = AREA 96 \times 7^2 = 4704$$

However, the palm must be awarded to Leonard Gordon, who harnessed the PC to this task. This article describes the results.

In the November 1989 Word Ways, Peter Newby presented a set of literate cryptarithms. This name was coined by Newby, but it is a well-known concept: these are cryptarithms in which the code letters form interrelated words. They are discussed in Mathematics on Vacation (1966) by Joseph Madachy, editor of the Journal of Recreational Mathematics. He calls them alphametics, a word coined by J.A.H. Hunter in 1955.

Newby's examples gave me the idea of developing computer aids for various forms of the problem. Some results are presented in this article. I assume they are new; I am not very familiar with the literature on this subject. I have restricted all my work to the common base 10 (problems in other bases are given in Madachy's book, but they are not appropriate for Word Ways).

Let us first consider the simple cryptarithm ABCDE x n = FGHIJK where n is a number between 2 and 9. There are 11 different letters; if we allow 2 (and only 2) to be the same, can we find an n that produces a cryptarithm with a unique solution? Below 1 give a table of cryptarithms (in numerical form) with that property:

```
66485x2 = 132970 A=B
                        87902x7 = 615314 G=J
                                                 59107x4 = 236428 F=J
35384x5 = 176920 A=C
                        90526x9 = 814734 H=K
                                                 35694x3 = 107082 G=I
92895x8 = 743160 A=D
                        55934x3 = 167802 A=B
                                                 97321x5 = 486605 H=I
83429 \times 9 = 750861 \text{ A=I}
                        36309x6 = 217854 A=C
                                                 91704x9 = 825336 I=J
                        62956x5 = 314780 A=E
26956x5 = 134780 B=E
                                                 77648x4 = 310592 A=B
                                                 64865x2 = 129730 A=D
47935x6 = 287610 B=H
                        43358x5 = 216790 B=C
52103x9 = 468927 B=J
                        57817x6 = 346902 B=E
                                                 97542x4 = 390168 A=G
95626x5 = 478130 C=E
                        70123x8 = 560984 B=H
                                                 35954x3 = 107862 B=D
71928x7 = 503496 C=J
                        86453x2 = 172906 B=K
                                                 31567x6 = 189402 B=F
83657x6 = 501942 D=F
                        34189x3 = 102567 C=F
                                                 71365x6 = 428190 B=I
56941x3 = 170823 E=F
                        29566x5 = 147830 D=E
                                                 30465x6 = 182790 B=K
70693x6 = 424158 F=H
                        68917x6 = 413502 D=G
                                                 72981x5 = 364905 C = I
30841x9 = 277569 G=H
                        78413x5 = 392065 E=F
                                                 56944x3 = 170832 D=E
```

```
20527x7 = 143689 A=D
30541 \times 9 = 274869 D = H
                                             30521x9 = 274689 D=F
83169x3 = 249507 E=H
                      62709x9 = 564381 A=G
                                             86719x6 = 520314 D=J
74038x4 = 296152 F=K
                      89295x8 = 714360 B=D
                                             64879x8 = 519032 E=H
65817x6 = 394902 G=I
                      50796x4 = 203184 B=G
                                             71089x6 = 426534 F=K
91706x9 = 825354 H=J
                      71635x6 = 429810 B=J
                                             73864x8 = 590912 G=I
91367x6 = 548202 I=K
                      80447x7 = 563129 C=D
                                             94703x6 = 568218 H=K
66417x6 = 398502 A=B
                       73012x8 = 584096 C=I
```

The following examples of literate cryptarithms illustrate its use. The idea is to find words which match the numbers; if you think up a pair of words, use the table to see if they constitute a cryptarithm with a unique solution. Some examples are

```
Planox3 = ARTFUL RHYMEx6 = STANZA DRINKx2 = CHASER Planox5 = OUTCRY COMETx3 = GALAXY DRINKx6 = STUPOR DAISYx4 = GARDEN COMETx6 = GALAXY DRINKx5 = BOTTLE
```

Other than making more tables like the above, there is little one can do to find cryptarithms other than by trial and error: choose words and hope for a unique solution. All too often, apt phrases lead to non-unique solutions; here are a few examples.

WATER	37941	67941	BEER	4003	SMOKE	70543	78543
SLAKES	867248	837248	MAKES	59208	OZONE	58593	50593
THIRST	905189	905189	MEN	501	CANCER	129136	129136
			DRUNK	63712			

With WRONG + WRONG = RIGHT, Newby has apparently rediscovered a famous old cryptarithm that has no fewer than 21 solutions. The first of the following is his; the second is given in $\underline{536}$ Puzzles and Curious Problems by H.E. Dudeney, who states that there are many others. The third is the only solution that uses the numbers 2 to 8 exclusively. The other examples are ways to modify the problem to get something with a unique solution. In the last case, I stipulate that 0 may not be used.

```
WRONG 24153 25938 37846 WRONGx7 = RIGHTx2 = 105686 WRONG 24153 25938 37846 WRONGx4 = RIGHT = 67832 RIGHT 48306 51876 75692
```

Here is a more elaborate literate cryptarithm. Two solutions with a minor difference betwen them (5 and 6 exchange) is the best I was able to find. Several "sentences" using the words sin, pain, snake, evil in combination with those below had 4 solutions.

```
DEVIL + VIPER + APPLE + EVE = EXILE + ADAM
19485 48296 32259 949 97859 3130
19486 48295 32269 949 97869 3130
```

After writing a separate computer program for each of the above cases, I realized how to write a general program for a specific format. This made testing easier. Here are cryptarithms with unique solutions. This particular format seems to be the one most likely to produce unique solutions in base 10.

CELLO 57441	WATER 90687	MUSIC 36491	ALASKA 878308
<u>VIOLIN 261468</u>	DESERT 183876	CHARMS 172834	SPILL 35177
SONATA 318909	FRUITS 274563	ANIMAL 209325	MISHAP 913485
MOATS 85413	GRAND 25796	CANTOR 391807	COATS 48796
TOWERS 157693	GARDEN 275689	<u>CHANT 34918</u>	COLLAR 482273
CASTLE 243106	FLOWER 301485	HEBREW 426725	PRIEST 531069
TIGER 86913	ROBIN 51892	ABHOR 28741	PRIEST 694271
PARROT 423378	PIGEON 690412	UGSOME 390465	MOANS 35087
MENAGE 510291	MENAGE 742304	ORGASM 419206	SERMON 729358
OCEAN 68034	RABBI 79662	PRIEST 726185	
SCHOOL 185667	PARSON 497318	SINGS 86308	
WHALES 253701	URBANE 576980	SERMON 812493	

Here are a few near-misses, with two solutions in each case: CHIELD + LUCRE = HUBRIS (a reply to SEND MORE MONEY?), TREES + TIGERS = JUNGLE, CHANGE + HABIT = BEHAVE, PRIEST + ROARS = SERMON, SHIPS + TROOPS = ARMADA, MONKEY + WANTS = TOKENS, MONKEY + WANTS = STEAKS, OFFER + MONKEY = BANANA, and RABBLE - LEADER = RIOTS.

The editor called my attention to an example Philip Cohen found in the Recreational Mathematics Magazine that is doubly true: mathematically and cryptarithmetically.

```
ONE + TWO + FIVE = EIGHT 621 846 9071 10538
```

Unfortunately, this solution is not unique; N, W, and V can be assigned 2, 4, and 7 in any permutation. Here are two more doubly-true examples. The first uses all ten digits but has 4 different solutions; the second has a unique solution but uses only nine digits.

```
SEVENx4 = TWENTY + EIGHT SEVENx9 = TWENTYx3 + THREE 64940 214028 45732 62529 182913 14022
```

At this point I decided to expand my computer program to accommodate a fourth word, still keeping the 5 and 6-letter word format. To find groups to test, I chose 3 related words and then searched my OSPD and Chambers word lists for fourth words with allowable letters. This usually produced about 500 to 1000 words, of which maybe a dozen were related to the others. Here are the results:

3								
BEHOLD	302671	COFFEE	651122	COFFEE	763355	COFFEE	469955	
FLESH	47092	CREAM	60287	CREAM	72501	- CREAM	41503	
MODEL	56107	SUGAR	94380	SUGAR	84902	- SUGAR	78201	
FEMALE	405870	AROMAS	805789	GRACES	920758	MEAGER	350251	
DROOL	48007	HORSE	57489	ABBOT	54476	BREAD	12673	
DROOL	48007	HORSE	57489	ABBOT	54476	PEANUT	467890	
DROOL	48007	HORSE	57489	WANTED	350698	BUTTER	190062	
DROOL	48007	HORSE	57489	BREAD	42948	EATERS	670625	
FEMALE	325672	APACHE	363259	BUTTER	416692			
MODEL	50427	RIDER	41094					
MARVEL	568127	PARADE	634309					

BUSTY	43298	LUSTY	14578	SCHEME	845070	TWAIN	47625
BLONDE	417065	BUSTY	64578	RHYME	15670	WANTED	765438
LOSES	17252	BLONDE	612039	~REASON	102893	BREAD	91368
BOODLE	477615	BELLES	691195	MAYHEM	726507	BUTTER	904431

We add a new dimension to cryptarithms when the solver is required to find n. What is the lowest value of n which will make the equation true, and what is the lowest value which will produce a unique solution? What is the lowest and highest n that will produce a unique solution?

```
BRIDEx2 + DEALER = BIGAMY
60957
           571270
                    693184
BRIDEx4 + LEADER = BIGAMY
54716
           360164
                    579028
LOVERx2 + BROKER = TROKIA
           360726
50126
                    460978
LOVERxn + VIRGIN = GRAVID
                            when n=2, there are 3 solutions
 38462x8
           412719 720415
                            there are no solutions with n less than 4
 SHEEPxn + FARMER = MARKET
 24776x4 + 831971 = 931075 there is one other solution for n=5
39881x5 + 452682
                    652087
                            there is no solution for n=1
 FAULTxn = ALASKA + QUAKE
                   60175
                            both of these solutions are unique
 91023 \times 2 = 121871
19025x51
           828438
                    90837
```

In conclusion, I offer the following piece de resistance, for which a special computer program was required. I guessed the words and fortunately found a unique solution for this doubly-true equation.

```
NINExFOUR + FIVE = FORTY-ONE
9895 3074 3865 30421 095
```