## PACKING WORDS

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What is the minimum rectangular area in which one can pack precisely N words of length L? All must be joined in criss-cross fashion, and no words of other lengths are allowed. The main point is to find the packing patterns; finding real (and, if possible, common) words to fit those patterns adds interest, converting a purely mathematical problem to a logological one as well. The patterns derived here may be used in conventional crossword or other puzzles.

Packing patterns follow recognizable sequences as N increases. There are two types. depending on whether L is odd or even. This article describes packing four-letter and five-letter words; plans for six-letter or seven-letter words can be easily derived from them. I do not give a full scheme for six-letter words, but exhibit one large arrangement. For all word sizes, the examples given here are essentially portions of ordinary double word squares strung together.

Consider first four-letter words (L=4). In the following examples there is a fundamental pattern for five words (N=5). This is not the best possible packing, but it is the best which can be logically extended to larger values of N. Adding blocks extends it to 12, 19, 26 (not shown), etc. There is another fundamental pattern for N=6, to which one can add a word at a time to allow packing 7 or 8. For N=9, one must start to build a new block.

N MAIN N MAIN MAIN Ν MAIN MAIN MAIN OVER OVER 0 E 0 OVER O Е 0 0 E. 0 N AMEN AMEN AMEN N А Ν Α Ν Ν Α Ν EATS Е EATS EATS E EATS EATS EATS Ε 19 5 12 MAIN N MAIN N MAIN T EXIT Т EXIT OVER OVER O HEAR H HEAR HEAR OVER N AMEN N AMEN E RARE Ε RARE AMEN EATS Е MANY MANY MANY MANY EATS EATS 7 g 10 6 8 ΕΧΙΤ Т EXIT E EXIT EXIT Т EXIT HEAR HEAR HEAR HEAR HEAR HEAR Н RARE R RARE RARE Ε RARE RARE E MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY Μ 15 11 13 All of the above (Set A) are four units high. The patterns on

the next page (Set B) are five units high.

R F R F R R R R F BALL BALL BALL BALL BALL BALL AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA NEST NEST NEST NEST NEST NEST D S D SEND S D SEND SEND S 7 15 23 RAFT RAFT RAFT R R R BALL BALL BALL BALL BALL BALL AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA NEST NEST NEST NEST NEST NEST D D SEND SEND SEND D 8 16 24 R R R R R R BALL В BALL BALL В BALL BALL BALL B AREA AREA А AREA А AREA AREA AREA A NEST NEST NEST NEST NEST Ν Ν NEST Ν SEND SEND SEND SEND SEND SEND D D D 9 17 25

The table below summarizes the areas needed to pack N four-letter words for either Set A or Set B; the final line lists the smallest area allowed by any packing. Packing 31 words in 5x19 is the last case in which a five-high frame is useful. There are three special cases. Eight works pack in a normal 4x4 square; the scheme for seven words in Set B can be rotated into a four-high pattern; and for 26 words, packing in a 9x9 square (described below) beats either set. The final sequence could never serve as an IQ test unless you see how it was made!

words 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 areaA 4 16 16 16 24 24(24)24 24 36 36 44 44 44 44 56 56 56 64 64 64 64 76 45 50 55 areaB 20 25 30 70 best 4 16 16 16 24 24 20(16)30 36 36 44 44 44 44 50 55 56 64 64 64 64 70 words 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 areaA 76 76 84 84 84 84 96 96 96 104 104 104 104 116 116 116 124 124 areaB 75 80 95 100 110 120 125 130 75 76(81)84 84 84 96 95 96 104 104 104 104 116 116 116 124 124 best

Frames more than five units high usually result in a loss of packing efficiency, but one can get neat constructions in square envelopes. The word pattern in the 14x14 envelope at the top of the next page is made by the use of two basic units, a solid and a hollow block. The 9x9 array to the right uses the same blocks in a similar pattern: it contains 24 words. The third array is less symmetrical but contains 26 words. As already noted, this uses three fewer cells to pack 26 words than does the Area A construction.

All diagrams shown in this article use common words. The 4x4 square on the next page appears ordinary, but it is special in that it allows extending the central words in all directions into eight other words. By going to the computer for a special search, one can find squares with wrap-around properties that allow one square to be used throughout an array. Limiting the database

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SCAB SITE SCAB SCAB SITE SCAB SIGN SCAB H RENT ACHE E HRENT H RENT R HERE Α S IDEA IDEA E IDEA EDIT IDEA E S IDEA PEAR PRAY PEAR PEAR PRAY PEAR WINO PEAR S J S M L Α L L SITE SCAB SITE SITE SCAB SITE SCAB ACHE E T A Т Т A HERE I ITCH R S I EASE S E SAID A Е ZINC IDEA PRAY PEAR E SHOP A PRAY PEAR PRAY 24 26 Α S J SCAB SCAB SITE HERE T A HERE I EASE SAID A PEAR PRAY PEAR 56

to 2500 common words allowed only a few squares like the ones below. The wrap-around sequences ALAREAL, RESTIRE, ALTORAL and MAIMAMA are reminiscent of directed word chains.

CAME C	АМЕ САМ	1E BOS	SBOSS	CAME BOSS
A AREA	REAL	R U T	OFU O	ALAR UNTO
STIR S	R STI	IR STE	W S W	STIR STEW
TOMS T	OMS TOM	IS TOM	S TOMS	TOMS TOMS
R	A A	A R	U	
CAME C.	АМЕ САМ	IE BOS	SBOSS	
A R A	AREA	R U	O UNTO	
S RES	r r s	R S	WEST W	
TOMS T	OMS TOM	IS TOM	S TOMS	
R	R A	A 24		
CAME C.	АМЕ САМ	1 E		
ALAR A	R ALA	A R		
S IRES	REST	R		
TOMS T	OMS TOM	1 S		
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Various plans for packing five-letter words are used in the following. One word can be removed at a time from the 15-word array to allow 14, 13, 12 or 11 words. No smaller rectangle containing precisely 11 or 10 words is possible. One or two words can be removed from the 19-word array, but three words cannot, so packing 16 five-letter words requires inefficient appending to the 15-word array.

MAPLE	MAPLE M	MAPLE	MAPLE MAPLE
A H N	AHNA	ASHEN	A HENNA H N
SCOPE	S OPENS	SCOPE	SCOPE SCOPE
т т м	ттмт	ΤΟΤΕΜ	тотем м т м
STORY	STORY S	STORY	STORY STORY
6	7	10	15
CLIMB	CLIMB C	CLIMB C	LIMB C
HONOR	H NORTH	H NORTH	NORTH
AWARE	AWARE A	AWARE A	WARE A
RENEW	R NEWER	R NEWER	NEWER
TRESS	TRESS T	TRESS T	RESS T

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Just as four-letter words can be packed in frames five units high, so five-letter words can be packed in frames six units high. As before, determination of when L+1 is better than L is a matter of arithmetic. A summary is given in the table below. There are two exceptions (in parentheses), the normal 5x5 square and a case (described below) where a large square array allows an improved packing.

В A A В A А A В Α ABOUT ABOUT ABOUT ABOUT ABOUT ABOUT FORTH FORTH FORTH FORTH FORTH FORTH ORATE ORATE ORATE ORATE ORATE ORATE OTTER OTTER OTTER OTTER OTTER OTTER Т ΕЕ Т ERECT Е Ε Т ERECT ERECT Е E 29 9 19 GAILY CADGE E S Α ABHOR GARNI ABACK CABAL DACHA FACES ABLER RUSES BORON AROMA ETHOS ATOLL ROUND ADEPT BUGLE BOOES FEINT KYRIE DUNCE CYSTS ETUDE BLESS ENVOI IRATE OTTER Ε Y ESSAY ERROR LEPER R 10 20 30 GOATS Y Y Y GOATS FABLE G U Ε FABLE FABLE G U Ε ACRID ULTRA ACRID ACRID ULTRA THING THING THING S E Т S E Т STAGE TYRES STAGE STAGE TYRES O RODEO 0 RODEO RODEO 16 26 Y Y Y FABLE FABLE FABLE F В Ε F В E ACRID ACRID ACRID ACRID ACRID THING THING THING Т Ι G Т Ι G STAGE STAGE STAGE STAGE STAGE O RODEO R RODEO RODEO R D 0 D 15 25 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 words areaA 35 35 35 55 55 55 55 55 75 65 65 65 85 85 85 85 85 100 95 95 95 30 36 66 72 66 72 102 108 areaB 35 30(25)55 55 55 55 55 72 65 65 65 72 85 85 85 85 100 95 95 95 best 32 33 29 30 31 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 words areaA 115 115 115 115 115 135 125 125 125 145 145 145 areaB 102 108 138 144 138 144 102 108 115 115 115(121)125 125 125 145 138 144 best

Packing in large squares is more efficient for five-letter words than for four-letter words. Two criss-cross patterns are illustrated on the next page. A 5x5 double word square places ten words in 25 cells for 0.400 words per cell; the two squares illustrated pack at 0.282 words per cell. They were developed by joining 5x5 squares found by computer; in some places the reader can recognize the original square by inserting the letter(s) deleted in order to make the joins.

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CA	В	L	Е		к	v	Α	S	S		0	М	E	N	S	K	N
Α	L	0	W	E	R		V		L	Е	V	Ε	L		М	N	
SL	А	V	Е		А	L	Ι	В	Ι		Е	Т	U	D	Е	I	G
ΕA	S	Е	R		A	L	А	R	М		N	А	D	Ι	R	F	
DR	Е	S	S		L	А	N	E	S		s	L	Е	Е	K	E	A
G						N		Α						Т			V
DΕ	А	L	S		G	0	Α	D	S		F	Е	A	s	Т	L	Α
А	R	I	A	Т	А		U		U	H	L	А	N		R	Е	S
WΗ	Е	Т	S		U	N	D	Е	R		A	Т	0	N	Е	A	Т
N	N	Ε	S	Т	s		Ι	,	F	A	М	Е	D		А	S	
S C	А	R	Y		S	P	0	Т	S		Ε	R	Е	С	Т	Т	R
0						A		Н						0		31	4
S P	0	R	Т		A	S	Ρ	I	С		G	N	0	М	Ε		
LΕ	М	U	R		Р	Н	0	N	0		R	U	В	Е	S		
ΕN	Е	М	Y		R	A	К	Е	D		А	D	Ι	Т	S		
W	G	Е	S	S	0		Е		А	D	М	Ι	Т		Е		
Sι	Α	N	Т		N	E	R	D	S		P	E.	S	0	S		
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ACK FARAD TROLL A A LOO EAVED ANKLE E D SES TODAY PR STS HEWED TOP ARRAY ONE RAISE RENTS T R YST HEEDS

Packing six-letters words follows the general plan used for four-letter ones; the reader may enjoy working out the arithmetic. In the six-letter word square below, packing efficiency approaches that of ordinary crosswords. Packing seven-letter words is even more efficient, but finding actual words is difficult; BASIC is too slow for finding 7x7 double squares. I leave the task of filling in the array below to programmers like Ted Clarke.

CABALA	EAGLES DABBED	АААААА А		<b>A A A A A A</b>
A ACUMEI	N I PREVUE U	А ААААААА	A A AAA	AAAAA A
PERUSE	TORQUE FERRIC	АААААА А	AAAAA A	<b>A A A A A A A</b>
OLEATE .	A U A ARDENT	AAAAAA A	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
TASTER	I O R TSETSE	АААААА А	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
ENTERS	LITRES SENSED	АААААА А	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
D	L C	АААААА А	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A A
ISLAND	BIASED SWEATY	Α	A A A	А
MIE	E CAVORT M A	АААААА А	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
ANJ.	ABATED EYEBAR	A AAAAAA	A A AAA	AAAAA A
GREASE		АААААА А	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
E A C R	ETIN E I SO	A AAAAAA	A A AAA	AAAAA A
		AAAAAA A	AAAAA A	A A A A A A A
I	N V	A AAAAAAA	A A AAA	AAAAA A
		AAAAAA A		
		Α		
		AAAAAA A		A A A A A A A
				A A A A A A A
		AAAAAA A		
SENSES				AAAAAA
		AAAAAA A		AAAAAAA
		A AAAAAAA	A A AAA	AAAAA A

AAAAAA AAAAAAA AAAAAAA