CHEATER'S SELFISH-SYNONYMY

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The February issue (WW 04-45) gave the results of my systematic search for coincidental selfsynonymy: pairs of words that are unrelated etymologically but via convergent evolution happen to be spelled the same and c. mean the same. I extended the coverage to near-synonymic pairs as well and to unrelated contronymic (self-opposite) pairs.

My search took a 'short cut' when I discovered that crick and rick are probably unrelated. Both refer to a wrench, sprain or spasm of the neck or back, etc. Crick (ME cricke, crykke) is <?, ?<creak or creek. $[\le = \text{from}, ? \le = \text{possibly from}, < ? = \text{origin uncertain}, > = \text{akin to, or compare.}]$ Rick is <wrick (ME wrikken jerk), ?> wrench and wrinkle. This and most of the following beheadment pairs are nearer true synonyms than all but a few of the homographic (same spelling) pairs in 04-45. Included are other deletions (curtailments, beshoulderments, castrations) that form synonymic pairs. It would be difficult to study beheadments systematically, other deletions even moreso, but I have randomly encountered these pairs that meet two-thirds of the criteria for self-synonymy, all but the self bit. It's self-ish synonymy. Incidentally, this article and 04-45 are a belated reply to David Silverman's call (74-109) for a "practically homographic and virtually synonymous" word pair.

IV. COINCIDENTAL SELFISH-SYNONYMY BY BEHEADMENT

word and root 1

booty loot <G*Beute* booty [infl. by 2 in W3]

brim <OE *brim* sea, shoreline, edge

broil Cook. <OF *bruiller* ?<L *urere* burn (04-47)

broil Stir up, brawl (see V).
 brew, broth (")

chunk ?<chump v. <chuck, chock

clue <clew, ball of thread [way out of labyrinth]

cover Lie over. <L cooperire

hover Hang over.<ME hoveren<hoven tarry<? (See also V.)

crumple <OE curl <crooked >crimp, cramp fact, factual <L factum a thing done

[Identical definitions and "obviously" related, but none of my sources says so. W3 and CDE cross-mention them, saying fact + -ual "as in" or "on analogy of" actual, ie, a parallel ending therefore not the same root.]

fleeting. <float >G fliessen flow

flock tuft of hair, wool < flocculation ? < Gmc < L

flounder Stumble, go under. ?<flounce v.<

D flodderen flop about, mire v.?<2 ± flounce [definitive anagrams: **founder** = under of

glower Scowl. >Gmc glow, stare

grape $\langle OF(c/g)rape$ cluster of fruit $\langle hook \rangle$

hedge shrub boundary <OE hecg? <hawthorn

prick <OE prica dot, puncture, pierce

beheadment/deletion and root 2

boot bonus payment <OE advantage, remedy

rim <OE rima edge, border >ridge

boil Cook.<OF *boillir* <L *bullire* bubble, seethe

roil Stir up.?<L rust or rule v.?<OF roll, disturb

hunk ?<hunch <Flem.hunke lump, >hump

cue <q<L quando when (to act) v.<queue

over (vb) Pass over. <Gmc >L super, Gk hyper

rumple <OE hrympel >D rumpel fold, wrinkle

act, actual < L actum a thing done

fleeing [t. fled!] < flee > G fliehen (cf 04-47) lock tress of hair <OE locc >Icel./G curl, bend

founder ditto <L fundus bottom

flounder = flo' under

lower ditto <lour, frown >G/D lurk, leer

rape dejuiced grapes ?<F/G/LL rasp, scrape

edge border <OE ecg? <IE sharp

pick <OE picung pricking (see V and 04-46)

rogue scoundrel?<roge/roag vagabond sax slatemaker ax <knife, scissors, cut >saw skin a kinship group (esp. Aborig.) < Gmc peel snip ?<D snippen nip, clip, shred spatter ?<Gmc spatten burst, spout, splash, and spike pointed tool ?<Gmc nail v. ?<Ir. spice stroll?<street v.?<loaf, troll <F/Gmc wander,

ax <OE æx <Gk axine <IE >Gmc kin <kind >Gmc >L genus beget nip ?<MLG/D nipen pinch patter < pat (04-48) mean dash in small particles. pike ditto <OE pic (see V and 04-46 pick) roll <L rota wheel: all mean roll along, roam. [This is the only serial beheadment found. *The Story of O* can now be rewritten as a pyramid:]

roué rake <F broken on the wheel

 \mathbf{O} ? OL' O'LL ROLL, TROLL, STROLL. IS TROLL! HIS T' ROLL, THIS TROLL, AT HI ST. ROLL. (AT-HEIST ROLL? ATHEIST TROLL?) "A THEIST STROLL!"

stumble trip and fall ?<stammer tumble fall <a dance >Gmc reel tamp (a) Strike lightly.?<tampion [1?<2 in W3] tap (a) <OF taper slap <Gmc ?<imit. (b) Plug.<(a) original meaning <F a plug (b) a faucet <OE tæppa draw out liquid >D tap [This is an unusual double synonym pair, tamp = tap. Ditto clean, bleed and scuffle in V.] hutch hut <OE <ML chest ?<Gmc hut cottage <OF<G >hide [?>1 (CDE only)] [A double curtailment, included because hut could easily be taken for a shortening of hutch, or v.v.]

V. COINCIDENTAL SELFISH-SYNONYMY BY WORD STOOL

The case of crick = wrick above points to another route to selfish synonymy, via word stools or 'neighbours' (single letter substitutions, 02-317). The first twelve pairs below are from WW 02-288 and 03-22, the rest I believe are new to Word Ways. Again not a systematic list, and excluding several nice pairs I found that are not the same parts of speech.

word and root 1

ban <Gmc forbid, proclaim >L fari speak. **blush** <OE *blyscan* redden, shine. clap Strike with open hand or something flat. <OE clæppan >Gmc ?<L clean <IE bright >Gmc beat, small Another double synonym--both mean free of dart Leave. ("Must dart.") < missile < OF/Gmc ditch Discard, toss. >Gmc dike get Acquire. < Icel. geta get, beget, learn [synonymous with two roots of net] new modern <OE niwe <IE>Gmc/L/Gk [?<2] nip = sip (see dip below)

neighbour and root 2

bar <OF barrer <VL barra rod <? flush (see IV + at end) [?<also imitating blush?] flap <ME flappen slap, clap, flutter ?<D slap >LG slappe [all 3 imitative (of each other!)] clear <L clarus bright, distinct (Cf. get--net.) and both are slang for completely.] part Depart. <L pars piece pitch ditto ?<OE/Gmc prick, pick, peck ?<Celt net Obtain, profit. < neat < F/Ir. (04-45) net Capture in net. <OE ?<L nodus (") "now" <OE/IE mu >Gmc/L/Gk/Skt.

pale Diminish, lose colour. <L pallid **shark** card cheat < G Schurke parasite?<2 stake post <OE staca >Gmc ?>stick

bash strike ?<Sw.basa beat [v.beat + lash?] lash " <ME lassh <?

batten Make fat. ?<Icel. improve ?<better bleed (a) Run together--eg, dyes. <blood (b) Abut edge in printing. (Both b roots = a's) blood kin < Gmc the fluid ? < bloom, blow

boil Stir up water, disquiet. **boot** a gain <booty(see IV) or v.v.

bounced (Re)bounded. ?<imit. [?<infl. by 2]

brawl wrangle ?<go to ruin ?<D/G brag, shout

bump speed-control road rise <vb ?<imit.

clamp holding device <OE clamm <MD clampe cleat (04-47)

coil curl (Brooklyn pronunc.) > cull, collect cover (see IV.)

crick and wrick (see introduction)

(Compare **crumple--rumple** in IV above.)

curl Loop around. <ME crollen <IE >Gmc dale valley <OE dæl >Gmc/Gk >curve

dilate Thin by expansion. <OF/L enlarge

dip (one's beak), **nip** (<*nipperkin*),

and tip (<tipple ?<tilt, drip) all mean to drink.

[a consonant cascade of synonyms:]

dour sullen, sour, severe <Scot.?<L hard

douse Plunge into water. <? ?<D

flame <OF *flambe* <L *flamma* >flagrant

flip* Turn over/around quickly

[Both ?<imit. but independently so (?) as flop is a

flop Plump down (see above)

flitter* Flutter. <flit <ME flitten <Scan. carry

force Drive, push. <L fortis strong

founder Go under. (see IV, flounder)

fuddle Confuse. <? ?>G/D drunk, a rag

fusty mouldy smelling < OF wine cask < L stave

glide smooth move <OE glidan >Gmc

hustle energetic stir, hurry <D hutsen shake

keek <ME/MD/MLG kiken

peek <ME piken?<keek

peep <ME pepen ?<peek

[A word ladder of synonyms, mostly unrelated. The three 1's may be related, especially the first two.] KEEK PEEK PEEL PEEP PEER LEER (SEER)

knap Break sharply. <imit. < Gmc knappen eat lug Tow. < ME luggen < Scan. pull by the hair

pall Become insipid. <appall **sharp** ditto >G scharf pointed, cutting stave ditto <OE stæf staff >Gmc/Gk/Skt.

dash <ME dasshe >Scan. daska slap (04-46) [all three?<imit.]

fatten <OE *fætt* cram, fat, load >Gmc

blend (a) mix <OE blondan [cf. tamp in IV]

(b) Have no margin of separation, eg, sea-sky.

brood family <barm, yeast, nourish

roil ditto [see broil in IV for both] **loot** <Hind. *lut* plunder, booty

bounded Sprang off. <L.buzz >bomb (04-49)

broil <OF disorder (see IV)

[A two-letter change, included because it's a rare case of unrelated homophonic synonyms. As is coil (qv).]

hump ditto <hunchbacked ?<OE hip

bump (rounded mass), lump (?<D piece, rag) & hump make a triple synonym consonant cascade

clasp* ditto <ME clapse ?<OE clip

cramp ditto
 bent bar <D/G (c/k)rampe <IE

curl coil (see below) [homophonic synonyms] hover (see IV.)

crinkle <OE crincan bend, yield >cringe,crank wrinkle <OE gewrinclod and wrenc (cf. 04-49)

purl Loop a stitch. ?<pirl, ?<purfle (04-48) vale ditto <L vallis >roll

dilute ditto <L dilutus wash, wash away <lave sip (<OE syppan ?<sopa [>sop, sup,?soup])

DIP NIP SIP TIP

sour tart, harsh, morose <OE/Gmc sur acidic

souse ditto ?<OF *soucer* pickle >salt

flare <spread out?<Nor.flara blaze v.<fly+bare

flop ditto or back and forth in flip-flop

variant of flap (ME flappen, hit) while flip is ?<fillip.]

plop ditto or its sound. <imit.

flutter Flap, flit about. <ME floteren <OE float

forge Push overland, forge ahead.<? (04-47) go under <Gmc (phrase, but perfect synonym)

muddle <mud ?+ addle

musty <moist ?<L mouldy

slide smooth glide <OE *slidan* >IE slippery

bustle <ME rush, burst, gush +Icel. baste, splash

peer <Fris. piren v. <(or infl. by) appear <L peel one's eyes <OE pilian strip <L pilus >pile

leer ?<ME *ler* <OE *hleor* face near ear

snap ditto ?<D/G snappen bite, snatch tug <ME tog(g)en drag >tow

narc drug cop<narcotics<L/Gk numb [?infl. by 2] pick* Pierce. <ME pyke (cf. prick in IV) pike pointed stick " (see spike in IV) pink Wink. [in W3 only] ?<D pinken blink pit hole in the ground <L puteus well rack organiser <ME rekke <MD (04-48) rack Wreck, destroy. <ME wrak (") sap Cut into, draw out liquid (sap). <OE sæp scatter Spread. ?<shatter ?<Gk<Skt. cut spatter Dabble. spatter Render tiny pieces, smatter ditto [W3], shatter ditto <ME schateren scatter >G/Gk spatter Emit particles explosively.

sputter Speak in a broken, incoherent way. [These make another nice word ladder with a chain of synonyms, mostly unrelated (at least four roots):

SCATTER SHATTER SMATTER SPATTER SPUTTER STUTTER.

Diarrhea could add another stool to this group of SPURTER words, but I'll spare you. SPITTER too.] scuffle* Walk dragging feet.?<Scan. shove shuffle Drag feet.<LG?<ME shove [Double synonyms--both also mean fight (shuffle being US slang--CDS).]

sniffle* Sniff (cold, sobbing).?<snivel>mucus tip apex <point <ME tippe ?<tap >Gmc tip upright <OE upriht >Gmc <L rectus straight vend Give utterance to. <L vendere sell braid < move to-and-fro, in-out, weave, shine plait < pleat < twist, ply, fold.

snuffle Sniff, smell out. <MD snuffen >snivel top <tuft of hair >Gmc uptight 'straight', tense < tight < Scan. close, solid vent ditto < let out air < L ventus wind (04-49)

nark informer, cop < Romany nak nose

pink ditto <ME pynke <L prick >point,pin

pile ditto <stake, arrowtip <L pilum javelin

wink <OE wincian >Gmc wave, stagger

rank row, line < OF ranc < Gmc elite ring

sputter ditto <spout >D sputteren ?<spit

stutter ditto <ME stutten <Gmc/IE

sack Pillage, plunder.<L saccus bag <Gk/Heb.

smatter ditto, spatter < Gmc chatter, patter, rattle

pot(hole) <OE/Gmc pot(t), container

tap ditto <OE tæpp(i)an

spatter (see IV)

[This curious synonym pair isn't a word stool but each substitution replaces a consonant with a phonetic relative--p for b, l for r, t for d--so falsely suggesting that one evolved from the other via dialect changes.]

A gush of -ushes, all unrelated and c. synonymous:

1-3. The adjectives flush, plush** and lush all mean both luxuriant and drunk--a double triple!

4-6. The synonymous verbs gush, hush, rush are cognate with 1-3 in the sense of profuseness and are synonyms of flush and of each other in the sense of pour forth rapidly. With lush, they form a definitive "consonant cascade" word ladder: GUSH.: HUSH, LUSH RUSH!

7-8. Nouns: slush is doubly cognate with 1-3: slush fund and fake money suggest luxuriance, while wet snow and two slang usages (tea or coffee, and thin stew) suggest drink; mush has itself two unrelated meanings which, while not synonyms (or it would have been put in 04-45), are both cognates of slush--semi-liquid meal or goo, and a slog thru the snow.

Derivations: flush (?<flux, flow v. <flash+gush), plush (<<L pilus hair; drunk<Br.slang, EWO), lush (?<luscious < ME/OE/OF loose, tender; drunk ?<Lushington club), gush (?<OE gosshien stomach noises ?<Olcel. gusa spurt [disputed in OED]), hush (wash away in a gush of water <Br. dial.?<imit.), rush (<<L.refuse, push back), slush (?<Scan. wet snow, slop, >Prov.E slud, wet mud), mush (gruel < moose (obs.) porridge, + mash; snow slog? < F marcher advance or ?<F mouche/L.musca fly).

Sources used: CDS Cassel Dictionary of Slang '98 RH Random House Unabr. '66

Chambers Dictionary of Etymology '88 CDE

Encyclopedia of Word and Phrase Origins '97 Facts on File: NY **EWO**

Macquarie Australian Dictionary, Rev.3rd '01 Mq

NTC Webster's New Twentieth Century Unabr., World, '47

W3 [Merriam] Webster NI 3rd '61 + addenda '86

^{*} Clamp--clasp, flip--flop, flitter--flutter, pick--pink, scuffle--shuffle and sniffle--snuffle are possibly related (in NTC and, for the last two pairs, in W3 as well). ** Ditto plush--flush in EWO.