HIGH SINGLE-TURN SCRABBLE SCORES

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According to *Guinness World Records* (2008), the highest single-turn Scrabble score in a real game is 392 points achieved by Karl Khoshnaw (UK) on 11 April 1982 when he played the nine-timer CAZIQUES spanning two triple word squares. Another less-heralded 392 score was gained more recently by Malta's first national Scrabble champion Godfrey Magri Demajo with the triple-triple MEZQUITE. A higher legitimate single-move score is unlikely to occur in normal competition, but it is possible, particularly if a collaborative 'set-up' style is adopted. In a (very) friendly game between my wife Pat and I on 14 August 1998, I was 'fortunate' enough to play the allowable Chambers-only word QUIZZIFY on a triple-triple for 419 points (*Forwords*, NZ Scrabble magazine, Dec 1998). In theory, much higher scores are possible using a 15-letter word to span all three 'triple word' squares on the side of a Scrabble board. This means that the sum of the letters in the long word is multiplied by 27 (3x3x3) before adding the 50-point bonus for playing all seven tiles. In addition, all the tiles played can theoretically hook onto other words already on the board, which can greatly increase the total score for the move.

In the realm of theoretical Scrabble moves there are several categories. Here are some of the highest-scoring words from the past 40 years.

**Single Dictionary (Scrabble)**


**PSYCHOANALYZING** 1691  (unpublished 2013, J Grant)
A score of 1700+ should be possible.


**OXYPHENBUTAZONE** 1785  (*Forwords*, Sep 2007, J Grant)

**Single Dictionary (non-Scrabble)**


**PHENYLHYDRAZIDE** 1716  (*Word Ways*, May 1981, K Corbin)


**DISQUISITIONARY** 1261  (*Word Ways*, May 1972, D Francis)
**BENZOXYCAMPHORS** 1900+  The record one-dictionary single move will probably come from Web2 using this base word. Can anyone devise a 1900-point solution?

**Multi-Dictionary**

Uncapitalised words found in any English dictionary, including not only headwords, but variant forms and inflections found after the headword, in separate lists or in citations of use.

**BENZOXYCAMPHORS** 1961  (*Word Ways*, May 1974, R Jerome, D Francis)
1970  (*Word Ways*, Feb 1993, J Grant)

Open Sources

Using words found in any published work, the boundaries can be pushed even further with single moves based on the following 15-letter terms.

**SESQUIOXIDIZING** 2037 (Word Ways, Feb 1974, J Helfetz)
2064 (Word Ways, Nov 1979, J Grant)

**BENZYLHYDROXIDE** 2000+
This term was suggested in the Aug 1979 Word Ways as a potential high-scoring word (it has the same points value as SESQUIOXIDIZING).
The word appears in *The Collected Works of Sir Humphry Davy* (1898, p275):
'... this, when heated with silver oxide and water, yields both benzylidene and benzylhydroxide base.'

**Contrived Base Word**

**BENZHYDROXYQUIN** 2278 (Word Ways, Nov 1979, J Grant)

Darryl Francis commented in a recent email, 'Maybe a wider-ranging look at this whole subject is needed - what's the best Webster's 3rd-only solution? and the best Webster's 2nd-only solution? and the best OED-only solution? ... repeated for various dictionaries, eg Collins, Chambers, OSPD, etc. And then what's the best solution using multiple sources?' Anyone care to give it a go?

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**BOOK REVIEW**

*Words from the White House: Words and Phrases Coined or Popularized by America’s Presidents*
By Paul Dickson (Walker Publishing Company, 2013, New York, New York)

Acclaimed lexicographer Paul Dickson has compiled the first collection of new words and lexical curiosities originating from the White House beginning with George Washington through Barack Obama. In the introduction Dickson notes that “The A-Z lexicon features not only the coinages, redefinitions, and adoptions of the presidents themselves but also words, phrases, and slogans created for them by aides and advisers. Words created or popularized by first ladies and vice presidents are included, as are occasional words from other leaders.” Included with each entry is a definition of the word and a description of the cultural context.

Paul Dickson has written several word books and dictionaries, including: *The New Dickson Baseball Dictionary; The Congress Dictionary* (with Paul Clancy); *Slang; Dictionary of the Space Age and Drunk: The Definitive Drinker’s Dictionary*. He was also a contributing editor to Merriam-Webster in charge of the *Lighter Side of Language* series. In the 1990s Dickson did a bylined commentary on language for NPR’s *All Things Considered* and occasionally contributed to William Safire’s “On Language” column in the New York Times.