

## COMPOSITIONAL PROCESS OF “THROUGH THE LOOKING GLASS”

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To begin my composition, I started with the chess board that the whole *Through the Looking Glass* is based on. Since a chess board is eight squares by eight squares, I decided to base my composition off of an octatonic scale, a scale that contains eight notes rather than the traditional seven of a major or minor scale. I decided to use the A octatonic scale simply because Alice begins with an “A.” This scale includes the notes A, Bb, C, C#, D#, E, F# and G. I then lined these notes up, one note per square, on the top row of the chess board.

For the next row, I simply used the same scale but started it on Bb, the next row with C, then with C#, etc. I then decided that I was going to look at the three characters, Alice, The Red Queen, and The White Queen, to use as material for my composition. I took each character and traced their moves out on my musical chessboard. After that I looked at which notes they passed through and created melodies based off of these notes. The first theme was Alice’s theme. The notes I used were, Bb, A, G, F#, E, D#, C#, D#, and I used an arbitrary rhythm. Since Alice goes through a looking glass I decided to use a musical technique called “retrograde” to create the next part of the piece. I simply took the notes of her theme and wrote them backwards: D#, C#, D#, E, F#, G, A, Bb. After I introduced this theme I laid both themes on top of one another to create a new section of the piece.

The next section demonstrates the White Queen’s theme. It uses the notes Bb, A, G, F#, E, D#, C#, C again with an arbitrary rhythm. I then laid Alice’s original theme on top of the

White Queen's theme to represent them meeting each other. The next section of the piece uses the notes D#, F#, A, and C to represent the Red Queen. I put a little more thought into the rhythm of this part because I wanted to give life to the Red Queen who always moved so quickly throughout the book. I used a running sixteenth-note arpeggio to symbolize her fast moving personality. To signify Alice and the Red Queen meeting I simply used the same technique as I did earlier in the piece: I laid the two themes on top of one another to create the next section. The finale was again the Red Queen and Alice together but with a louder more boisterous feeling to it.

All in all, the construction of this piece was very methodical just like I think Lewis Carroll was in his construction of his two master works. I also enjoyed the logical nature of the creation of this composition in that it reminded me of Lewis Carroll's mathematical nature and how he used that in his creative works. The juxtaposition of logic and reasoning with creativity is always extremely fascinating to me which is why I enjoyed the composition of this piece of music.

A	Bb	C	C#	D#	E	F#	G
Bb	C	C#	D#	E	F#	G	A
C	C#	D#	E	F#	G	A	Bb
C#	D#	E	F#	G	A	Bb	C
D#	E	F#	G	A	Bb	C	C#
E	F#	G	A	Bb	C	C#	D#
F#	G	A	Bb	C	C#	D#	E
G	A	Bb	C	C#	D#	E	F#
A	Bb	C	C#	D#	E	F#	G

# Through the Looking Glass

Philip K. Smith

## Alice Theme:

Handwritten notes above the staff:  $Bb$ , A, G,  $F\#$ , E,  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ ,  $D\#$ . A slur with a '3' is under the notes E,  $D\#$ , and  $C\#$ .

Handwritten notes below the staff:  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ ,  $D\#$ , E,  $F\#$ , G, A,  $Bb$ . A slur with a '3' is under the notes  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ , and  $D\#$ .

Handwritten notes above the staff:  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ ,  $D\#$ , E,  $F\#$ , G, A,  $Bb$ . A slur with a '3' is under the notes A and  $Bb$ .

Handwritten notes above the staff:  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ ,  $D\#$ , E,  $F\#$ , G, A,  $Bb$ . A slur with a '3' is under the notes  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ , and  $D\#$ .

## White Queen Theme:

Handwritten notes below the staff:  $Bb$ , A, G,  $F\#$ , E,  $D\#$ ,  $C\#$ . A slur with a '3' is under the notes  $Bb$ , A, and G.

First system of musical notation. Treble clef on top, bass clef on bottom. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in the third measure. The bass staff contains a bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Second system of musical notation. Treble clef on top, bass clef on bottom. The treble staff continues the melodic line with a triplet of eighth notes in the second measure. The bass staff continues the bass line. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Third system of musical notation. Treble clef on top, bass clef on bottom. The treble staff has a whole rest in the first measure, followed by eighth notes. The bass staff has a 7/4 time signature in the first measure, followed by eighth notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble clef on top, bass clef on bottom. The treble staff starts with a 5/4 time signature, followed by eighth notes, and ends with a 4/4 time signature. The bass staff starts with a 5/4 time signature, followed by eighth notes, and ends with a 4/4 time signature. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Handwritten musical notation for a piece, featuring a treble and bass staff with various notes and rests.

Red Queen Theme:

Handwritten musical notation for the Red Queen Theme, including a treble staff with a 5/4 time signature and a bass staff with a 7/4 time signature. Chords D# F# A C are indicated.

Handwritten musical notation for a piece, featuring a treble and bass staff with various notes and rests.

Alice theme:

Handwritten musical notation for the Alice theme, including a treble and bass staff with various notes and rests. Chords D# F# A C are indicated.

Handwritten musical notation for a piece, featuring a treble and bass staff with various notes and rests. A flat symbol (b) is present above the treble staff.

Alice Theme: 4

Red Queen

The image shows a musical score for two pieces. The top system is for 'Alice Theme' and the bottom system is for 'Red Queen'. Both are in 4/4 time. The 'Alice Theme' is in G major, and the 'Red Queen' is in D major. The score includes treble and bass staves with various musical notations such as notes, rests, and ornaments. Handwritten annotations include 'b2' above the first measure of the Alice Theme and 'C' below the first measure of the Red Queen. There are also some handwritten notes and symbols in the bass staff of the Red Queen section.

### A FRENCH FRIVOLITY



En Égypte autrefois on adorait les bêtes.  
 Ici d'un gros Dieu-Singe on célèbre la fête :  
 Le Grand-Prêtre est caché, mais on peut voir sa tête.